

STEREO AUDIO CODEC WITH USB INTERFACE, SINGLE-ENDED ANALOG INPUT/OUTPUT AND S/PDIF

FEATURES

PCM2900: Without S/PDIF

PCM2902: With S/PDIF

On-Chip USB Interface:

- With Full-Speed Transceivers

 Fully Compliant With USB 1.1 Specification

- Certified by USB-IF

Partially Programmable Descriptors⁽¹⁾

- USB Adaptive Mode for Playback

- USB Asynchronous Mode for Record

- Bus Powered

16-Bit Delta Sigma ADC and DAC

Sampling Rate:

- DAC: 32, 44.1, 48 kHz

- ADC: 8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, 48 kHz

On-Chip Clock Generator:

With Single 12-MHz Clock Source

Single Power Supply: 5 V TYP (V_{BUS})

Stereo ADC

Analog Performance at V_{BUS} = 5 V

- THD+N = 0.01%

- SNR = 89 dB

Dynamic Range = 89 dB

Decimation Digital Filter

- Pass-Band Ripple = ± 0.05 dB

Stop-Band Attenuation = -65 dB

Single-Ended Voltage Input

- Antialiasing Filter Included

- Digital LCF Included

Stereo DAC

Analog Performance at V_{BUS} = 5 V

- THD+N = 0.005%

SNR = 96 dB

- Dynamic Range = 93 dB

Oversampling Digital Filter

- Pass-Band Ripple = ± 0.1 dB

Stop-Band Attenuation = -43 dB

- Single-Ended Voltage Output

- Analog LPF Included

• Multifunctions:

- Human Interface Device (HID) Volume \pm Control and Mute Control

- Suspend Flag

Package: 28-Pin SSOP

APPLICATIONS

USB Audio Speaker

USB Headset

USB Monitor

USB Audio Interface Box

DESCRIPTION

The PCM2900/2902 is Texas Instruments single-chip USB stereo audio codec with USB-compliant full-speed protocol controller and S/PDIF (only PCM2902). The USB protocol controller works with no software code, but the USB descriptors can be modified in some areas (e.g., vendor ID/product ID). The PCM2900/2902 employs SpAct™ architecture, TI's unique system that recovers the audio clock from USB packet data. On-chip analog PLLs with SpAct enable playback and record with low clock jitter and with independent playback and record sampling rates.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

(1)The descriptor can be modified by changing a mask.

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Apple. Mac, and Mac OS are trademarks of Apple Computer, Inc.

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Microsoft, Windows, Windows Me, and Windows XP are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

PACKAGING ORDERING INFORMATION

PCM2900								
PRODUCT	PACKAGE-LEAD	PACKAGE DESIGNATOR	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER ⁽¹⁾	TRANSPORT MEDIA		
DOMOGOSE	0000 00	0000	0500 1- 0500	DOMAGGGG	PCM2900E	Rails		
PCM2900E	SSOP-28	28DB	–25°C to 85°C	PCM2900E	PCM2900E/2K	Tape and reel		

⁽¹⁾ Models with a slash (/) are available only in tape and reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /2K indicates 2000 devices per reel). Ordering 2000 pieces of PCM2900E/2K gets a single 2000-piece tape and reel.

PCM2902							
PRODUCT	PACKAGE-LEAD	PACKAGE DESIGNATOR	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER ⁽¹⁾	TRANSPORT MEDIA	
DOMOGOSE	CCOD 00	2000	050C +- 050C	DOMOGOOF	PCM2902E	Rails	
PCM2902E	SSOP-28	28DB	−25°C to 85°C	PCM2902E	PCM2902E/2K	Tape and reel	

⁽¹⁾ Models with a slash (/) are available only in tape and reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /2K indicates 2000 devices per reel). Ordering 2000 pieces of PCM2902E/2K gets a single 2000-piece tape and reel.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted(1)

		PCM2900/PCM2902	UNIT
Supply voltage, VBUS	3	-0.3 to 6.5	V
Ground voltage differe	ences, AGNDC, AGNDP, AGNDX, DGND, DGNDU	±0.1	V
	SEL0, SEL1, TEST0 (DIN) ⁽²⁾	-0.3 to 6.5	V
Digital input voltage	D+, D-, HID0, HID1, HID2, XTI, XTO, TEST1 (DOUT)(2), SSPND	-0.3 to (V _{DDI} + 0.3) < 4	V
Analog input voltage	V _{IN} L, V _{IN} R, V _{COM} , V _{OUT} R, V _{OUT} L	-0.3 to (V _{CCCI} + 0.3)	V
VCCCI, VCCP1I, VCCP2I, VCCXI, VDDI		-0.3 to 4	V
Input current (any pine	s except supplies)	±10	mA
Ambient temperature	under bias	-40 to 125	°C
Storage temperature,	T_{stg}	-55 to 150	°C
Junction temperature T _J		150	°C
Lead temperature (sol	dering)	260	°C, 5 s
Package temperature	(IR reflow, peak)	250	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) (): PCM2902



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

all specifications at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted

PARAMETER			PCM290	OE, PCI	/l2902E		
	PARAME	ΓER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Digita	Input/Output			•			
	Host interface		Apply USB Revision 1.1, full speed				
	Audio data format		USB isochronous data format				
Input I	Logic			•			
		D+, D-		2		3.3	
V/	High Javalian Avaltage	XTI, HID0, HID1, and HID2		2.52		3.3	VDC
٧IH	High-level input voltage	SEL0, SEL1		2		5.25	VDC
		DIN, PCM2902		2.52		5.25	
		D+, D-				0.8	
		XTI, HID0, HID1, and HID2				0.9	\/D0
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	SEL0, SEL1				0.8	VDC
		DIN, PCM2902				0.9	
		D+, D-, XTI, SEL0, SEL1	V _{IN} = 3.3 V			±10	
lін	High-level input current	HID0, HID1, and HID2	V _{IN} = 3.3 V		50	80	μА
		DIN, PCM2902	V _{IN} = 3.3 V		65	100	
		D+, D-, XTI, SEL0, SEL1	V _{IN} = 0 V			±10	
IIL	Low-level input current	HID0, HID1, and HID2	V _{IN} = 0 V			±10	μА
-	·	DIN, PCM2902	V _{IN} = 0 V			±10	'
Outpu	t Logic	<u>'</u>	·	•			
		D+, D-		2.8			
Vон	High-level output voltage	DOUT, PCM2902	I _{OH} = -4 mA	2.8			VDC
		SSPND	I _{OH} = -2 mA	2.8			
		D+, D-				0.3	
VOL	Low-level output voltage	DOUT, PCM2902	I _{OL} = 4 mA			0.5	VDC
-		SSPND	I _{OL} = 2 mA			0.5	
Clock	Frequency	•	•	•			1
	Input clock frequency, XTI			11.994	12	12.006	MHz
ADC C	Characteristics			•			
	Resolution				8, 16		bits
	Audio data channel				1, 2		channel



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

all specifications at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted

			PCM2900E, PCM2902E		
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TY	P MAX	UNIT
Clock Fr	requency	·			•
fS	Sampling frequency		8, 11.025, 16, 22.05	5, 32, 44.1, 48	kHz
DC Accu	ıracy		•		
	Gain mismatch channel-to-channel		±	1 ±5	% of FSR
	Gain error		±	2 ±10	% of FSR
	Bipolar zero error		±)	% of FSR
Dynamic	c Performance ⁽¹⁾		•		
		$V_{CCCI} = 3.67 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = -0.5 \text{ dB}(2)$	0.01%	6 0.02%	
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_{IN} = -0.5 \text{ dB}(3)$	0.1%	6	
		$V_{IN} = -60 \text{ dB}$	5%	, 0	
	Dynamic range	A-weighted	81 8	9	dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	A-weighted	81 8	9	dB
	Channel separation		80 8	5	dB
Analog I	Input				l
	Input voltage		0.		V
	input voltage		Vccc	I	V _{p-p}
	Center voltage		0.:		V
			Vccc	l	V
	Input impedance		3)	kΩ
	Antialiasing filter frequency response	−3 dB	15)	kHz
	Artifaliasing litter frequency response	$f_{IN} = 20 \text{ kHz}$	-0.0	8	dB
Digital F	ilter Performance				
	Pass band			0.454 fg	Hz
	Stop band		0.583 f _S		Hz
	Pass-band ripple			±0.05	dB
	Stop-band attenuation		-65		dB
t _d	Delay time		17.4/f	3	S
	LCF frequency response	-3 dB	0.078 fg	3	MHz
DAC Ch	aracteristics	·			
	Resolution		8, 10	6	bits
	Audio data channel		1, 2	2	channel
Clock Fr	requency		•		
fg	Sampling frequency		32, 44.1,	48	kHz

⁽¹⁾ f_{IN} = 1 kHz, using Audio Precision System II, RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF in calculation.

⁽²⁾ Using external voltage regulator for V_{CCCI} (as shown in Figure 36 and Figure 37, using with REG103xA-A)

⁽³⁾ Using internal voltage regulator for $V_{\mbox{CCCI}}$ (as shown in Figure 38 and Figure 39)



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

all specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted

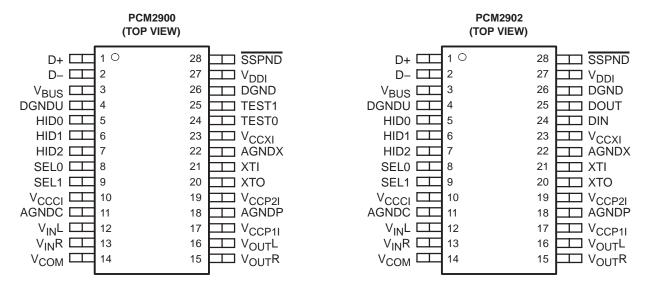
				PCM	2900E, PCI	W2902E	
	PARAMETE	R	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DC Accu	uracy		•				•
	Gain mismatch channel-to-cha	nnel			±1	±5	%of FSR
	Gain error				±2	±10	% of FSR
	Bipolar zero error				±2		% of FSR
Dynamic	c Performance ⁽¹⁾						
THD+N	Total harmonia distortian plus n	oine	$V_{OUT} = 0 dB$		0.005%	0.016%	
I HD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus n	oise	V _{OUT} = -60 dB		3%		
	Dynamic range		EIAJ, A-weighted	87	93		dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio		EIAJ, A-weighted	90	96		dB
	Channel separation			86	92		dB
Analog (Output			•			•
Vo	Output voltage				0.6		V
٧٥	Output voltage				VCCCI		V _{p-p}
	Center voltage				0.5		V
					VCCCI		-
	Load impedance		AC coupling	10			kΩ
	LPF frequency response		-3 dB		250		kHz
			f = 20 kHz		-0.03		dB
	Digital filter performance						
	Pass band					0.445 f _S	Hz
	Stop band			0.555			Hz
				fS			
	Pass-band ripple					±0.1	dB
-	Stop-band attenuation			-43			dB
t _d	Delay time				14.3 fg		S
	Supply Requirements		Т				
V _{BUS}	Voltage range			4.35	5	5.25	VDC
	Supply current		ADC, DAC operation		56	67	mA
			Suspend mode(2)		210		μΑ
P_{D}	Power dissipation		ADC, DAC operation		280	352	mW
<i>D</i>		T	Suspend mode(2)		1.05		mW
	Internal power supply voltage	VCCCI, VCCP1I, VCCP2I, VCCXI, and VDDI		3.25	3.35	3.5	VDC
Tempera	ature Range						
	Operation temperature			-25		85	°C
θJΑ	Thermal resistance		28-pin SSOP		100		°C/W

⁽¹⁾ $f_{OUT} = 1$ kHz, using Audio Precision System II, RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF.

⁽²⁾ Under USB suspend state



PIN ASSIGNMENTS





PCM2902 Terminal Functions

TERMINA	٩L						
NAME	PIN	1/0	DESCRIPTIONS				
SSPND	28	0	Suspend flag, active low (Low: suspend, High: operational)				
AGNDC	11	_	Analog ground for codec				
AGNDP	18	-	Analog ground for PLL				
AGNDX	22	-	Analog ground for oscillator				
D-	2	I/O	USB differential input/output minus(1)				
D+	1	I/O	USB differential input/output plus ⁽¹⁾				
DGND	26	-	Digital ground				
DGNDU	4	-	Digital ground for USB transceiver				
DIN	24	-1	S/PDIF input(5)				
DOUT	25	0	S/PDIF output				
HID0	5	I	HID key state input (mute), active high(3)				
HID1	6	I	HID key state input (volume up), active high(3)				
HID2	7	I	HID key state input (volume down), active high(3)				
SEL0	8	I	Must be set to high(6)				
SEL1	9	I	Must be set to high(6)				
V _{BUS}	3	_	Connect to USB power (VBUS)				
VCCCI	10	_	Internal analog power supply for codec ⁽⁴⁾				
VCCP1I	17	_	Internal analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁴⁾				
VCCP2I	19	_	Internal analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁴⁾				
VCCXI	23	-	Internal analog power supply for oscillator ⁽⁴⁾				
VCOM	14	_	Common for ADC/DAC (V _{CCCI} /2) ⁽⁴⁾				
VDDI	27	_	Internal digital power supply(4)				
VINL	12	-1	ADC analog input for L-channel				
V _{IN} R	13	-1	ADC analog input for R-channel				
VoutL	16	0	DAC analog output for L-channel				
V _{OUT} R	15	0	DAC analog output for R-channel				
XTI	21	I	Crystal oscillator input(2)				
XTO	20	0	Crystal oscillator output				

⁽¹⁾ LV-TTL level

^{(2) 3.3-}V CMOS level input

^{(3) 3.3-}V CMOS level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which has no connection with the internal DAC or ADC directly. See the *Interface* #3 and *End-Points* sections.

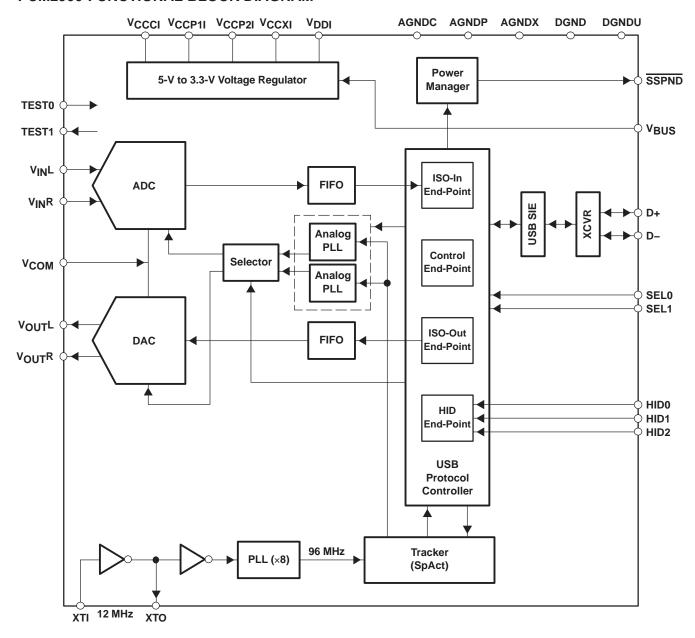
⁽⁴⁾ Connect a decouple capacitor to GND

^{(5) 3.3-}V CMOS level input with internal pulldown, 5 V tolerant

⁽⁶⁾ TTL Schmitt trigger, 5 V tolerant

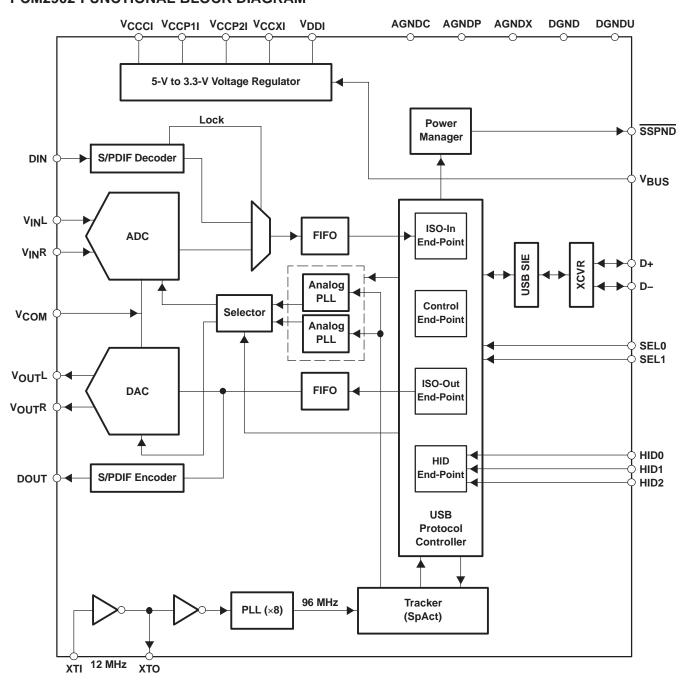


PCM2900 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



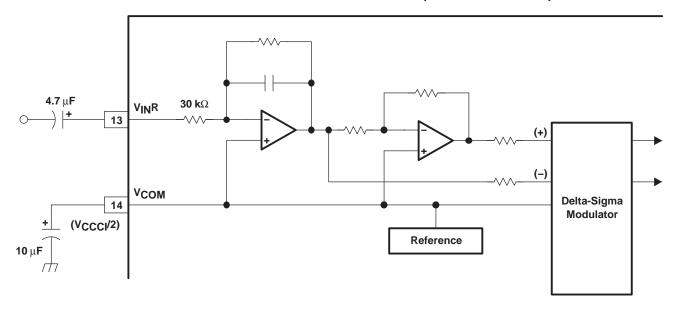


PCM2902 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM





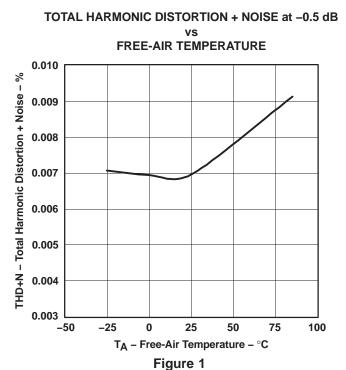
PCM2900/2902 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ANALOG FRONT-END (RIGHT CHANNEL)

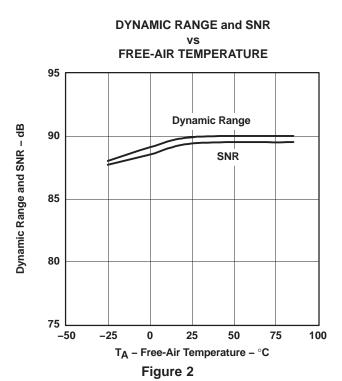




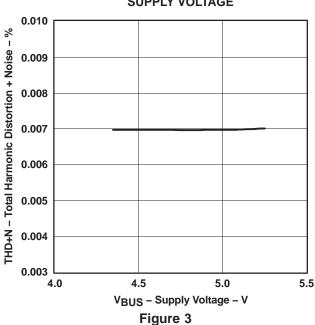
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ADC

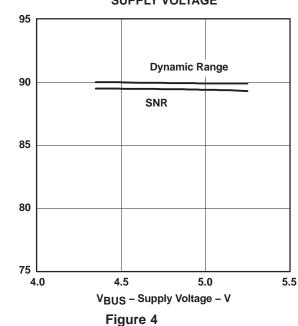




TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE at -0.5 dB vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE





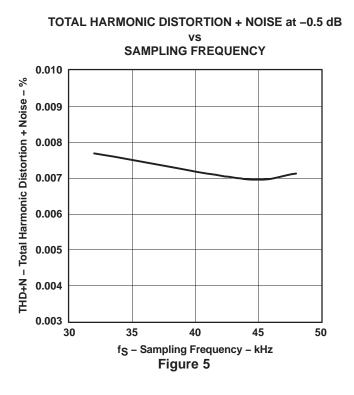


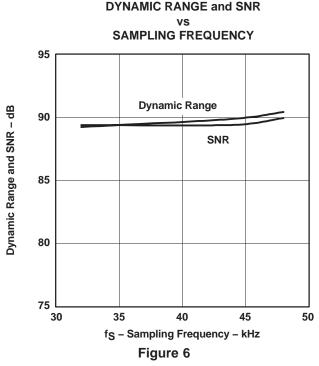
All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG 103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

Dynamic Range and SNR - dB

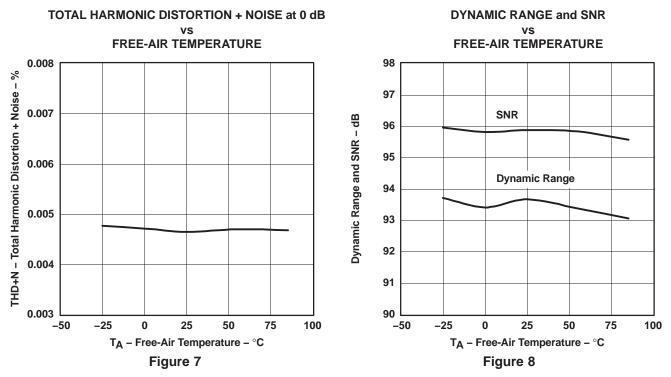


ADC (CONTINUED)





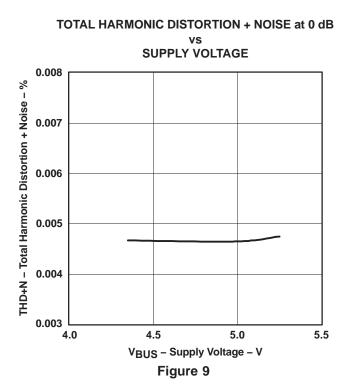
DAC

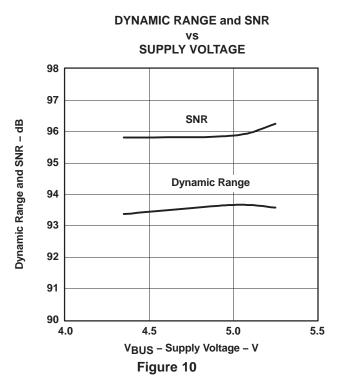


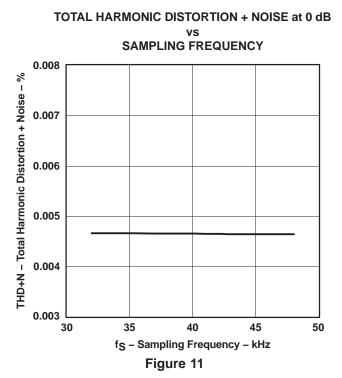
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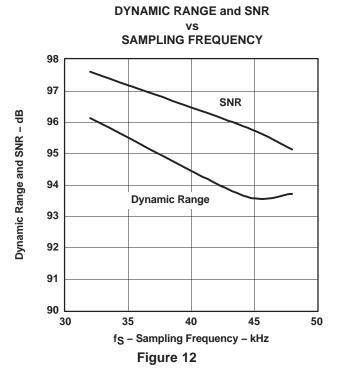


DAC (CONTINUED)









All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG 103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.



SUPPLY CURRENT

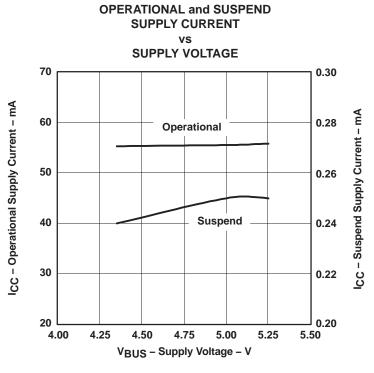
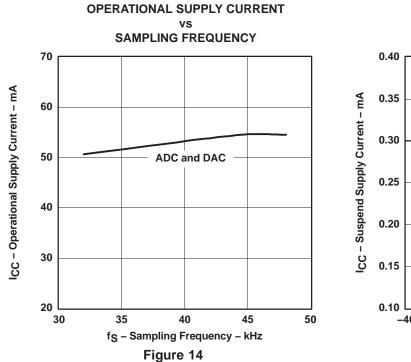
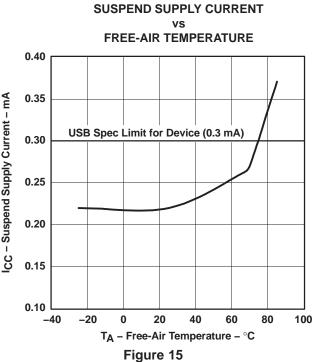


Figure 13

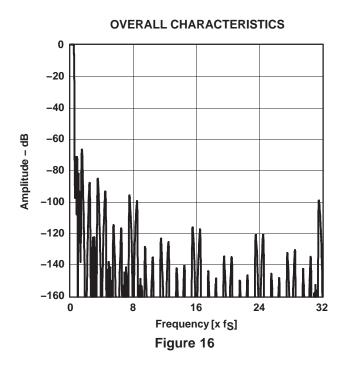


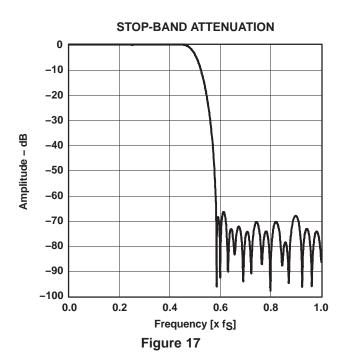


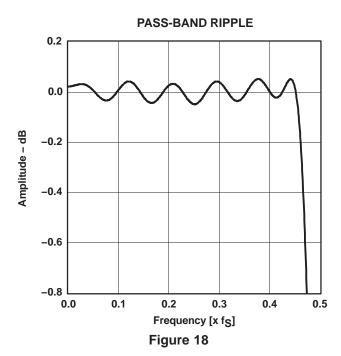
All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, using REG 103xA-A, unless otherwise noted.

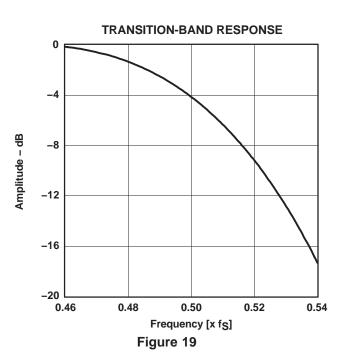


ADC DIGITAL DECIMATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





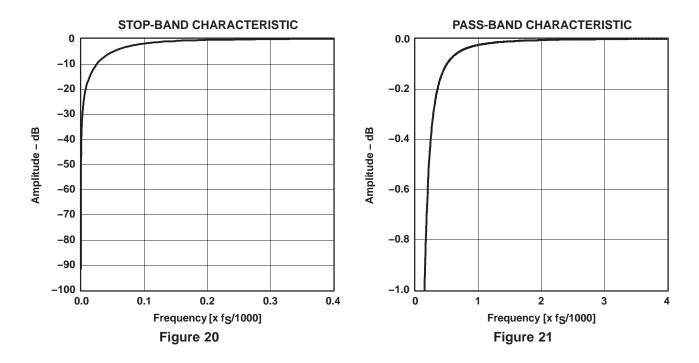




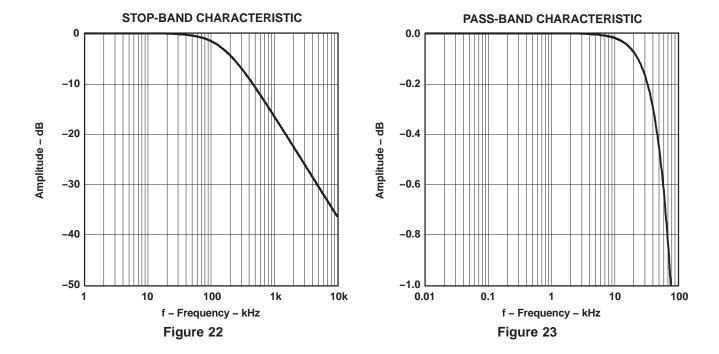
All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



ADC DIGITAL HIGH-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE



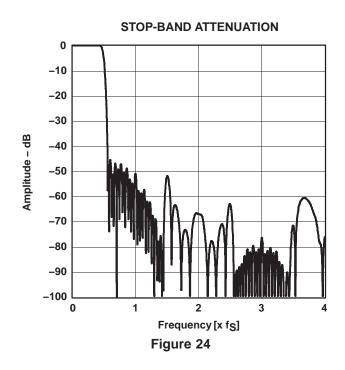
ADC ANALOG ANTIALIASING FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

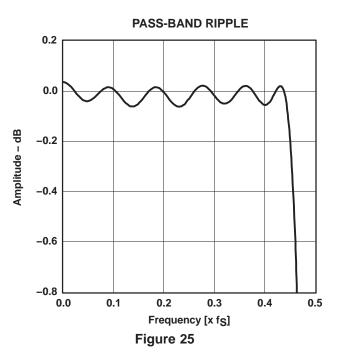


All specifications at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



DAC DIGITAL INTERPOLATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





TRANSITION-BAND RESPONSE

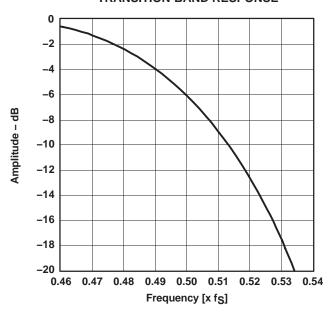
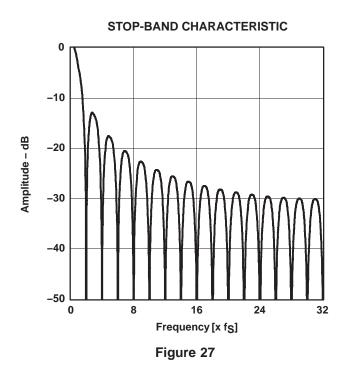


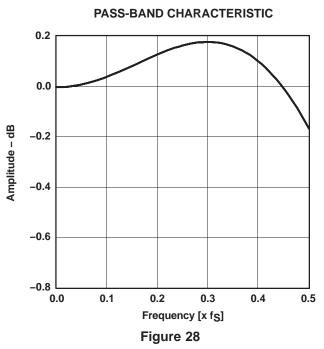
Figure 26

All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

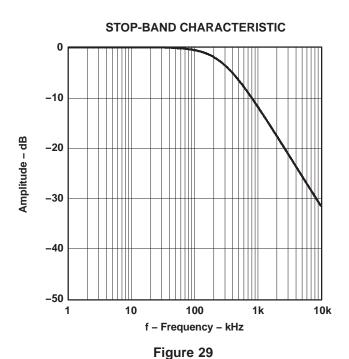


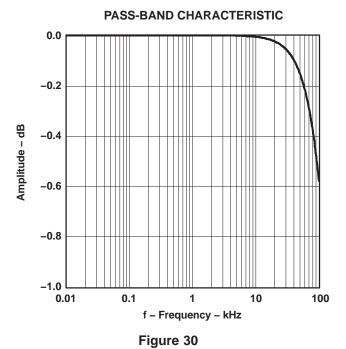
DAC ANALOG FIR FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





DAC ANALOG LOW-PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





All specifications at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{BUS} = 5$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{in} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



USB INTERFACE

Control data and audio data are transferred to the PCM2900/2902 via D+ (pin 1) and D- (pin 2). All data to/from the PCM2900/2902 is transferred at full speed. The device descriptor contains the information described in Table 1. The device descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative for details.

Table 1. Device Descriptor

USB revision	1.1 compliant
Device class	0x00 (device defined interface level)
Device sub class	0x00 (not specified)
Device protocol	0x00 (not specified)
Max packet size for end-point 0	8 byte
Vendor ID	0x08BB (default value, can be modified)
Product ID	0x2900 / 0x2902 (default value, can be modified)
Device release number	1.0 (0x0100)
Number of configurations	1
Vendor strings	String #1 (see Table 3)
Product strings	String #2 (see Table 3)
Serial number	Not supported

The configuration descriptor contains the information described in Table 2. The configuration descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative for details.

Table 2. Configuration Descriptor

Interface	Four interfaces
Power attribute	0x80 (Bus powered, no remote wakeup)
Max power	0x32 (100 mA. Default value, can be modified)

The string descriptor contains the information described in Table 3. The string descriptor can be modified on request; contact a Texas Instruments representative for details.

Table 3. String Descriptor

#0	0x0409
#1	Burr-Brown from TI (default value, can be modified)
#2	USB audio codec (default value, can be modified)

DEVICE CONFIGURATION

Figure 31 illustrates the USB audio function topology. The PCM2900/2902 has four interfaces. Each interface is constructed by alternative settings.



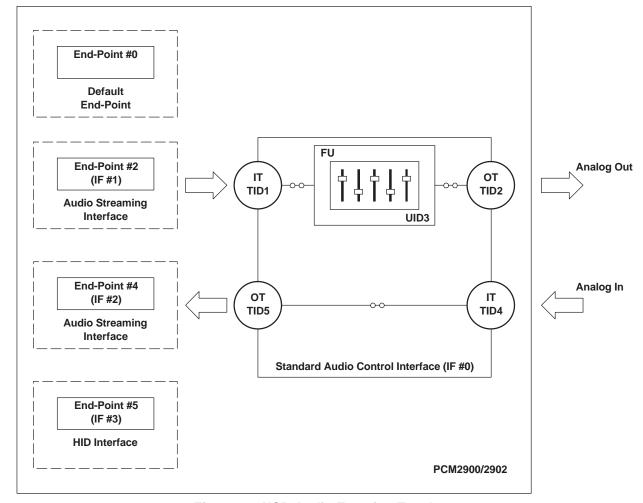


Figure 31. USB Audio Function Topology

Interface #0

Interface #0 is defined as the control interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #0. Alternative setting #0 describes the standard audio control interface. A terminal constructs the audio control interface. The PCM2900/2902 has five terminals as follows:

- Input terminal (IT #1) for isochronous-out stream
- Output terminal (OT #2) for audio analog output
- Feature unit (FU #3) for DAC digital attenuator
- Input terminal (IT #4) for audio analog input
- Output terminal (OT #5) for isochronous-in stream

Input terminal #1 is defined as USB stream (terminal type 0x0101). Input terminal #1 can accept 2-channel audio streams constructed by left and right channels. Output terminal #2 is defined as a speaker (terminal type 0x0301). Input terminal #4 is defined as a microphone (terminal type 0x0201). Output terminal #5 is defined as a USB stream (terminal type 0x0101). Output terminal #5 can generate 2-channel audio streams constructed by left and right channels. Feature unit #3 supports the following sound control features.

- Volume control
- Mute control

The built-in digital volume controller can be manipulated by an audio class specific request from 0 dB to –64 dB in 1-dB steps. Changes are made by incrementing or decrementing by one step (1 dB) for every 1/f_S time interval until the volume level has reached the requested value. Each channel can be set for different values. The master



volume control is not supported. A request to the master volume is stalled and ignored. The built-in digital mute controller can be manipulated by audio class specific request. A master mute control request is acceptable. A request to an individual channel is stalled and ignored.

Interface #1

Interface #1 is the audio streaming data-out interface. Interface #1 has the following seven alternative settings. Alternative setting #0 is the zero bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

ALTERNATIVE SETTING	DATA FORMAT			TRANSFER MODE	SAMPLING RATE (kHz)
00		Zero Bandwidth			
01	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48
02	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48
03	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48
04	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48
05	8 bit	Stereo	Offset binary (PCM8)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48
06	8 bit	Mono	Offset binary (PCM8)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48

Interface #2

Interface #2 is the audio streaming data-in the interface. Interface #2 has the following 19 alternative settings. Alternative setting #0 is the zero bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

ALTERNATIVE SETTING	DATA FORMAT			TRANSFER MODE	SAMPLING RATE (kHz)
00			Zero Bandwidth		
01	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	48
02	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	48
03	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	44.1
04	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	44.1
05	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	32
06	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	32
07	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	22.05
08	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	22.05
09	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16
0A	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16
0B	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16
0C	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16
0D	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	8
0E	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	8
0F	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025
10	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025
11	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025
12	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025

Interface #3

Interface #3 is the interrupt data-in interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #3. Interface #3 constructs the HID consumer control device and reports the following three key statuses.

- Mute (0xE209)
- Volume up (0xE909)
- Volume down (0xEA09)



End-Points

The PCM2900/2902 has the following four end-points.

- Control end-point (EP #0)
- Isochronous-out audio data stream end-point (EP #2)
- Isochronous-in audio data stream end-point (EP #4)
- HID end-point (EP #5)

The control end-point is a default end-point. The control end-point is used to control all functions of the PCM2900/2902 by the standard USB request and USB audio class specific request from the host. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point is an audio sink end-point, which receives the PCM audio data. The isochronous-out audio data stream end-point accepts the adaptive transfer mode. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point is an audio source end-point, which transmits the PCM audio data. The isochronous-in audio data stream end-point uses asynchronous transfer mode. The HID end-point is an interrupt-in end-point. HID end-point reports HID0, HID1, and HID2 pin status every 32 ms.

The human interface device (HID) pins are defined as consumer control devices. The HID function is designed as an independent end-point from both isochronous-in and -out end-points. This means that the result of affection for the HID operation depends on the host software. Typically, the HID function is affected for the primary audio-out device.

Clock and Reset

The PCM2900/2902 requires a 12-MHz (± 500 ppm) clock for the USB and audio function, which can be generated by a built-in crystal oscillator with a 12-MHz crystal resonator. The 12-MHz crystal resonator must be connected to XTI (pin 21) and XTO (pin 20) with one high (1-M Ω) resistor and two small capacitors, the capacitance of which depends on the load capacitance of the crystal resonator. The external clock can be supplied from XTI (pin 21). If the external clock is supplied, XTO (pin 20) must be left open. Because of no clock-disabling signal, it is not recommended to use the external clock supply. SSPND (pin 28) is unable to use clock disabling.

The PCM2900/2902 has an internal power-on reset circuit, which works automatically when V_{BUS} (pin 3) exceeds 2.5 V typical (2.7 V–2.2 V), and about 700 μs is required until internal reset release.

Digital Audio Interface (PCM2902)

The PCM2902 employs both S/PDIF input and output. Isochronous-out data from the host is encoded to the S/PDIF output and the DAC analog output. Input data is selected as either S/PDIF or ADC analog input. When the device detects an S/PDIF input and successfully locks the received data, the isochronous-in transfer data source is automatically selected from S/PDIF itself; otherwise, the data source is selected to ADC analog input.

Supported Input Data (PCM2902)

The following data formats are accepted by the S/PDIF input and output. All other data formats are unable to use S/PDIF.

- 48-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 44.1-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 32-kHz 16-bit stereo

Mismatch between input data format and host command may cause unexpected results except in the following conditions.

- Record monaural format from stereo data input at the same data rate
- Record 8-bit format from 16-bit data input at the same data rate

A combination between the above conditions is not accepted.

For the playback, all possible data rate source is converted to 16-bit stereo format at the same source data rate.

Channel Status Information (PCM2902)

The channel status information is fixed as consumer application, PCM mode, copyright, and digital/digital converter. All other bits are fixed as 0s except for the sample frequency, which is set automatically according to the data received through the USB.



Copyright Management (PCM2902)

Isochronous-in data is affected by the serial copy management system (SCMS). Where receiving digital audio data that is indicated as original data in the control bit, input digital audio data transfers to the host. If the data is indicated as first generation or higher, transferred data is selected to analog input.

Digital audio data output is always encoded as original with SCMS control.

The implementation of this feature is an option for the customer. Note that it is the user's responsibility whether they implement this feature in their product or not.

INTERFACE SEQUENCE

Power On, Attach, and Playback Sequence

The PCM2900/2902 is ready for setup when the reset sequence has finished and the USB bus is attached. After connection has been established by setup, the PCM2900/2902 is ready to accept USB audio data. While waiting, the audio data (idle state) and analog output are set to bipolar zero (BPZ).

When receiving the audio data, the PCM2900/2902 stores the first audio packet, which contained 1-ms audio data, into the internal storage buffer. The PCM2900/2902 starts playing the audio data when detecting the following start of frame (SOF) packet.

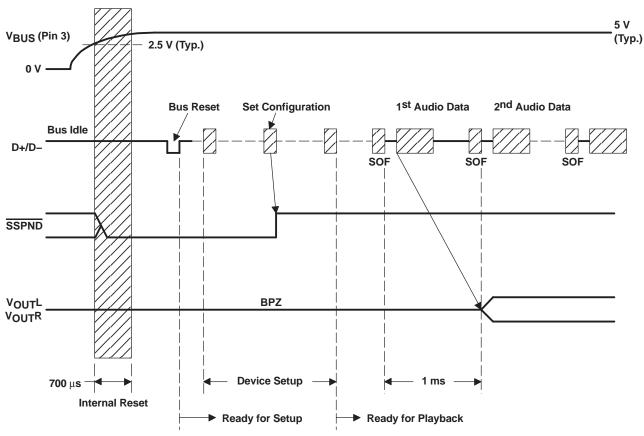


Figure 32. Initial Sequence

Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence

When the host finishes or aborts the playback, the PCM2900/2902 stops playing after the last audio data has played.

Record Sequence

The PCM2900/2902 starts the audio capture into the internal memory after receiving the SET_INTERFACE command.



Suspend and Resume Sequence

The PCM2900/2902 enters the suspend state after it sees a constant idle state on the USB bus, approximately 5 ms. While the PCM2900/2902 enters the suspend state, SSPND flag (pin 28) is asserted. The PCM2900/2902 wakes up immediately when detecting the non-idle state on the USB bus.

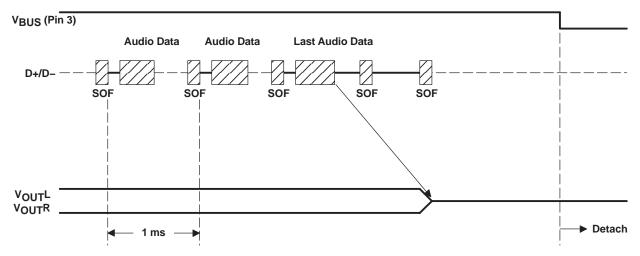


Figure 33. Play, Stop, and Detach

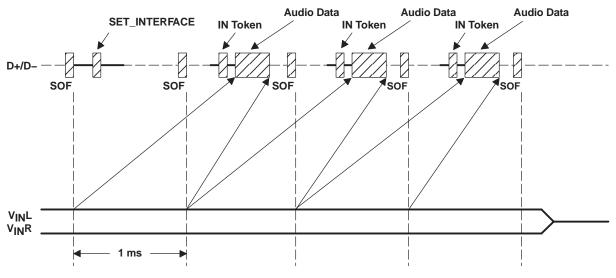


Figure 34. Record Sequence

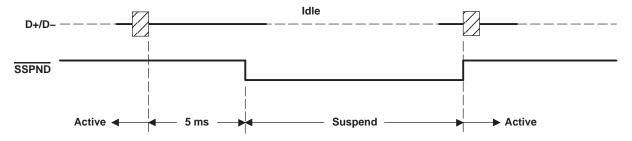
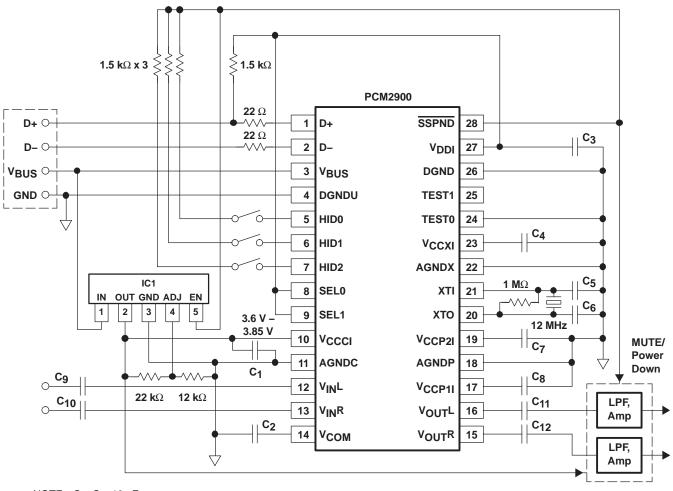


Figure 35. Suspend and Resume



PCM2900 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 1

Figure 36 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a high-performance application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C₁, C₂: 10 μF

C3, C4, C7, C8: 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 $\mu\text{F})$

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

C₉, C₁₀, C₁₁, C₁₂: The capacitance may vary depending on design.

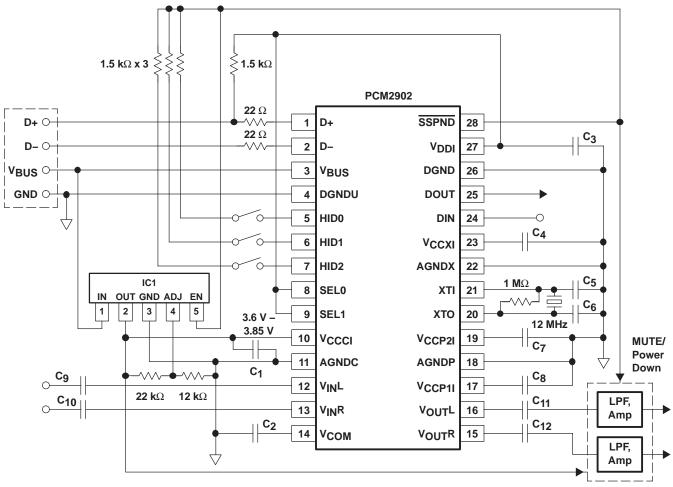
IC1: REG103xA-A (TI) or equivalent. Analog performance may vary depending on IC1.

Figure 36. Bus-Powered Configuration for High-Performance Application



PCM2902 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 1

Figure 37 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a high-performance application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C₁, C₂: 10 μF

 C_3 , C_4 , C_7 , C_8 : 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 μF)

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

C₉, C₁₀, C₁₁, C₁₂: The capacitance may vary depending on design.

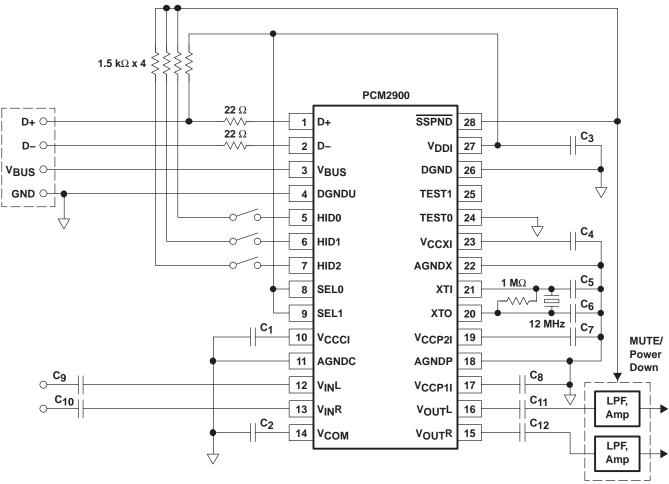
IC1: REG103xA-A (TI) or equivalent. Analog performance may vary depending on IC1.

Figure 37. Bus-Powered Configuration for High-Performance Application



PCM2900 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 2

Figure 38 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C₁, C₂: 10 μF

 C_3 , C_4 , C_7 , C_8 : 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 μF .)

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

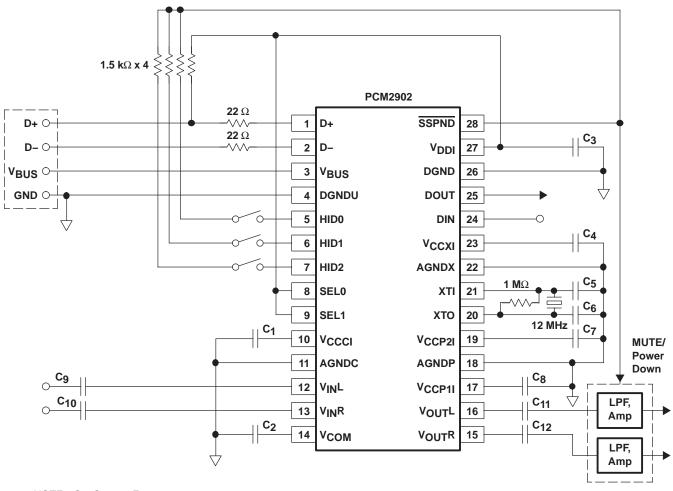
C₉, C₁₀, C₁₁, C₁₂: The capacitance may vary depending on design. In this case analog performance of the A/D converter may degrade.

Figure 38. Bus-Powered Configuration



PCM2902 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION 2

Figure 39 illustrates a typical circuit connection for a simple application. The circuit illustrated is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB-compliant product.



NOTE: C₁, C₂: 10 μF

 C_3 , C_4 , C_7 , C_8 : 1 μF (These capacitors must be less than 2 μF .)

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

C₉, C₁₀, C₁₁, C₁₂: The capacitance may vary depending on design. In this case analog performance of the A/D converter may degrade.

Figure 39. Bus-Powered Configuration



APPLICATION INFORMATION

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

To get the appropriate operation, one of the following operating systems must be working on the host PC that has the USB port assured by the manufacturer. If the condition is fulfilled, the operation of the PCM2900/2902 does not depend on the operating speed of the CPU.

Texas Instruments has confirmed following operating environments.

- Operating System
 - Microsoft™ Windows™ 98/98SE/Me™ Japanese/English Edition
 - Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional Japanese/English Edition
 - Microsoft Windows XP™ Home/Professional Japanese/English Edition (For Windows™ XP, use the latest version of the USB audio driver that is available on Windows update site)
 - Apple™ Computer Mac™ OS 9.1 or later Japanese/English Edition
 - Apple Computer Mac OS™ X 10.0 or later English Edition
 - Apple Computer Mac OS X 10.1 or later Japanese Edition (For Mac OS X 10.0 Japanese Edition, plug and play does not work for USB audio device appropriately)
- PC: Following PC-AT compatible computers for above OS (OS requirement must be met)
 - Motherboard using Intel[™] 440BX or ZX chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Intel i810 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Intel i815 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Intel i820 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Intel i845 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Intel i850 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Apollo KT133 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Apollo Pro plus chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using MVP4 or MVP3 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using Aladdin V chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using SiS530 or SiS559 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)
 - Motherboard using SiS735 chipset (using USB controller in the chipset)

NOTE: The OSs and PCs for which the operation of the PCM2900/2902 was confirmed are listed above. The PCM2900/2902 may also work with other OSs and PCs that have not been tested. Furthermore, there is no assurance that the PCM2900/2902 will work with every PC having a compatible chipset, because other design factors of the motherboard may also cause incompatibility.

The PCM2900/2902 has been acknowledged in the USB compliance test. However, the acknowledgement is just for the PCM2900/2902 from Texas Instruments. Be careful that the acknowledgement is not for the customer's USB system using the PCM2900/2902.

DB (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

28 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150

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		Video & Imaging	www.ti.com/video
		Wireless	www.ti.com/wireless
Data Converters DSP Interface Logic Power Mgmt	dataconverter.ti.com dsp.ti.com interface.ti.com logic.ti.com power.ti.com	Broadband Digital Control Military Optical Networking Security Telephony Video & Imaging	www.ti.com/broadband www.ti.com/digitalcontrol www.ti.com/military www.ti.com/opticalnetwor www.ti.com/security www.ti.com/telephony www.ti.com/video

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